Cetacaine®

TOPICAL ANESTHETIC LIQUID

(Benzocaine 14.0%, Butamben 2.0%, Tetracaine Hydrochloride 2.0%)

Cetacaine® application is pointless... and that's the point.

Put nervous patients at ease and make your job easier. Cetacaine's triple-active prescription formula provides 30-60 minutes of pain control for scaling and root planing. pre-injection, and other procedures requiring site-specific topical anesthesia. The viscous liquid is easy to control and is indicated for use on all accessible mucous membrane except the eyes.



Description	Size	Item No.	
Cetacaine Topical Anesthetic Liquid	14 g	0203	
Cetacaine Topical Anesthetic Liquid	30 g	0211	
0.4 mL Delivery Syringes	100	0214	
Microcapillary Delivery Tips	100	0213	

Description	Size	Item No.
Cetacaine Liquid Chairside Kit (Kit includes Cetacaine Liquid 14 g, 20 Microcapillary Tips and Syringes)	1 kit	0218
Cetacaine Liquid Clinical Kit (Kit includes Cetacaine Liquid 30 g,	1 kit	0212

Features & Benefits

- · Unique dispenser cap is compatible with any Luer-lock syringe
- Onset of action: Approximately 30 seconds*
- · Duration of action: 30-60 minutes*
- Pleasant artificial banana flavor
- 14 g bottle yields up to 34 full mouth applications

- 30 g bottle yields up to 73 full mouth applications
- · Cost-efficient
- · Measure and use only what vou need**
- · Proven more effective than benzocaine alone¹



Cetacaine is Easy to Use

 Apply drop-wise into periodontal pockets using single-use syringe/microcapillary delivery tip.



· Dip cotton or brush applicator through port for application to surface of mucous membrane.

Important Safety Information

- · On rare occasions, methemoglobinemia has been reported in connection with the use of benzocaine-containing products. If a patient becomes cyanotic, treat appropriately to counteract (such as with methylene blue, if medically indicated).
- Care should be used not to exceed the maximum recommended dosage.

- The most common adverse reaction caused by local anesthetics is contact dermatitis characterized by erythema and pruritus that may progress to vesiculation and oozing. This occurs most commonly in patients following prolonged self-medication, which is contraindicated.
- Cetacaine may not be right for everyone including those who are hypersensitive to any of its ingredients or are known to have cholinesterase deficiencies.

For safety information, prescribing information, warnings and contraindications, see the prescribing information on the reverse side.

When used as directed. See Cetacaine Prescribing Information.

Rx only. 03CETY2015

Cetacaine Liquid in excess of 0.4 mL per office visit is contraindicated

1 Adriani J, Mehta D, Naraghi M. Mixtures of local anesthetics: The Effectiveness of Combinations of Benzocaine, Butamben, and Tetracaine Topically. Anesthesiology Review. 1981; 12:15-19.



Cetacaine

TOPICAL ANESTHETIC LIQUID

Brief Summary of the Prescribing Information

Active Ingredients

Benzocaine	14.0%
Butamben	2.0%
Tetracaine Hydrochloride	2.0%

Contains

Benzalkonium Chloride	0.5%
Cetyl Dimethyl Ethyl	
Ammonium Bromide	0.005%
In a bland water-soluble base	

Action

The onset of Cetacaine-produced anesthesia is rapid (approximately 30 seconds) and the duration of anesthesia is typically 30-60 minutes. when used as directed.

Indications

Cetacaine is a topical anesthetic indicated for the production of anesthesia of all accessible mucous membrane except the eyes. Cetacaine is indicated to control pain and for use for surgical or endoscopic or other procedures in the ear, nose, mouth, pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, and esophagus.

Dosage and Administration

Cetacaine Liquid: Apply 200 mg (approximately 0.2 mL) directly to tissue. Liquid in excess of 400 mg (approximately 0.4 mL) is contraindicated. Place supplied Luer-lock cap on bottle. For application into periodontal pockets, attach Cetylite Syringe to Luer-lock port, draw appropriate amount of liquid using the graduated 0.1 mL markings on the syringe. Remove syringe from port and attach Cetylite Microcapillary Delivery Tip to syringe. Apply drop-wise into periodontal pockets. Tip may be bent to improve access. Discard syringe and tip after use. For surface application to mucous membrane, Luer-lock port allows for a single dip of a cotton or brush applicator. Do not hold applicator in position for extended periods of time, since local reactions to benzoate topical anesthetics are related to the length of time of application. Discard all applicators after single use.

An appropriate pediatric dosage has not been established for Cetacaine Liquid.

Dosages should be reduced in the debilitated elderly, acutely ill, and very young patients.

Tissue need not be dried prior to application of Cetacaine. Cetacaine should be applied directly to the site where pain control is required. Anesthesia is produced within one minute with an approximate duration of thirty to sixty minutes. Each 200 mg dose of Cetacaine Liquid contains 28 mg of benzocaine, 4 mg of butamben and 4 mg of tetracaine HCl.

Adverse Reactions

Hypersensitivity Reactions: Unpredictable adverse reactions (i.e. hypersensitivity, including anaphylaxis) are extremely rare. Localized allergic reactions may occur after prolonged or repeated use of any aminobenzoate anesthetic. The most common adverse reaction caused by local anesthetics is contact dermatitis characterized by erythema and pruritus that may progress to vesiculation and oozing. This occurs most commonly in patients following prolonged self-medication, which is contraindicated. If during use, rash, urticaria, edema, or other manifestations of allergy develop, use of the product should be discontinued. To minimize the possibility of a serious allergic reaction. Cetacaine preparations should not be applied for prolonged periods except under continual supervision. Dehydration of the epithelium or an escharotic effect may also result from prolonged contact.

Precaution: On rare occasions, methemoglobinemia has been reported in connection with the use of benzocaine-containing products. Care should be used not to exceed the maximum recommended dose (see Dosage and Administration). If a patient becomes cyanotic, treat appropriately to counteract (such as with methylene blue, if medically indicated).

Use in Pregnancy: Safe use of Cetacaine has not been established with respect to possible adverse effects upon fetal development. Therefore, Cetacaine should not be used during early pregnancy unless, in the judgement of a physician, the potential benefits outweigh the unknown hazards. Routine precaution for the use of any topical anesthetic should be observed when Cetacaine is used.

Contraindications

Cetacaine is not suitable and should never be used for injection. Do not use on the eyes. To avoid excessive systemic absorption, Cetacaine should not be applied to large areas of denuded or inflamed tissue. Cetacaine should not be administered to patients who are hypersensitive to any of its ingredients or to patients known to have cholinesterase deficiencies. Tolerance may vary with the status of the patient. Cetacaine should not be used under dentures or cotton rolls, as retention of the active ingredients under a denture or cotton roll could possibly cause an escharotic effect. Routine precaution for the use of any topical anesthetic should be observed when using Cetacaine.

Rx Only. Made in USA.

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