Unlike other bases/liners, Bio-LCB provides superior strength, bonds to dentin, and

forms calcium hydroxide and increases pH

stimulating pulpal cells to form dentin and

decreases the risk of secondary decay. This

unique composition also contains calcium

setting and further aid in remineralization

Bond Strength to Dentin (MPA)

promotes dentin remineralization. The

proprietary UDMA-based formulation

levels. This action protects the pulp,

phosphates which release ions upon

of the surrounding dentition.

3.0

2.5

2.0 1.5

1.0

50



Bio-LCB was developed as a shock-absorbing protective base/liner under composites, amalgams, and other cement materials. It can be used as a replacement for calcium hydroxide, glass ionomer, RMGI, IRM/ZOE, and other restorative materials. Bio-LCB creates an insulator/barrier to protect against sensitivity.

# **Feature and Benefits**

## Helps prevent secondary decay

Bonds to dentin to prevent bacterial leakage. Additionally, the composition becomes alkaline upon setting which has an anti-microbial effect.

## Stimulates reparative dentin formation

Alkaline upon setting. Remineralizing/hydroxyapatite forming. Releases calcium and phosphate ions.

### Strong mechanical strength

Superior bond strength to dentin and restorative materials. Resists occlusal forces for restorative longevity. Shock absorbing protection.

#### Low polymerization shrinkage

#### Pulp protection and sensitivity reduction

Sealing off dentin tubules. Alkalinity maintains pulp vitality.

#### Hydrophilic

#### Radiopaque

Easily to identify on x-rays.

# Easy to use

Syringable, flowable handling. Light Curable.

# Base - A 0.5 0.0 Compressive Strength (MPA) 200 150 100

\* Data on file

# ORDERING INFORMATION

Bio-LCB:

910-04: Four - 2gm Syringes, 16 Tips 910-02: Two - 2gm Syringes, 8 Tips 910-50: Fifty 20 guage pre-bent tips